

ADA-PER

Adabas Performance and History V8.2.1

Installation and User Manual

Mainframe z/OS

Dieter W. Storr 5 March 2011



ADA-PER Version 8.2.1.e March 5, 2011

Storr Consulting, Inc. 1997-2011
 Distribution, Change and Enhancements:
 Storr Consulting, Inc., Sacramento, CA 95825, U.S.A.
 Office: +1-916-929-1905 – Cell: +1-310-430-2278
 Internet: <u>http://www.storrconsulting.com</u>
 E-mail: <u>info@storrconsulting.com</u>

ADA-PER

Contents

1.	Introduction5												
2.	New	New in Release 8.26											
3.	Syste	System Maintenance Level 8.2.16											
4.	Insta	llation	7										
	4.1.	Download the Natural modules from the following Web page:	7										
	4.2.	Download and save the file on your	8										
	4.3.	Allocate a new dataset on the mainframe	8										
	4.4.	FTP the file in binary mode from your server (PC) to the mainframe	9										
	4.5.	Define the Natural library ADAPER in Natural Security (NSC) if installed	9										
	4.6.	Use the Object Handler to load the programs into Natural on the mainframe9											
	4.7.	Install the Adabas file ADABAS-PERFORMANCE	1 1 2										
	4.8.	Modify the Natural source module PERNPARM.14.8.1. #PASSWORD14.8.2. #BANNER14.8.3. #PARM-DBID14.8.4. #PARM-FNR (for later releases)1	2 2 2 2 2										
	4.9.	STOW the modified Natural module PERNPARM in the new library ADAPER 1	2										
5.	Getti	ng started1	5										
	5.1.	Invoking ADA-PER from NATURAL1	5										
	5.2.	Main menu panel and other functions1	5										





1. Introduction

ADA-PER is an Adabas performance and analysis tool based on the shut-down statistics from Adabas 7.4.2 as well as Adabas 8.1.3 and is written in Natural 4.1.3.

Data collection: a Natural program reads database statistics from one or more databases and saves the data into an Adabas file. It also creates a report of the stored data.

Online analysis: Natural programs display the data by database and date and also create the following charts, for example:

- Display statistics of multiple Adabas sessions and select one session for more details
- Graphic display of
 - Number of commands per CPU second
 - Pool sizes (LBP, LWP, etc.)
 - High-Water-Marks
 - Relation between format translations and number of commands

Batch analysis:

Natural programs read the session or shut-down statistics as well as the saved information and create batch reports:

- Number of Adabas commands per CPU second
- High-Water-Marks

Operating system and prerequisites

- 1. z/OS
- 2. ADABAS V7 or V8 and NATURAL V3 or 4
- 3. The online and batch components are also tested under Natural for Windows



2. New in Release 8.2

- Add new field for High-Water-Mark RPL, replication buffer (LRPL). If Adabas Event Replication is installed, values will be stored into this field.
- Add new field for Buffer Efficiency (BE)
- If started with V8.1 then add the two new fields (see chapter 4.7.1) by using SYSAOS File Maintenance / Modify FDT or ADADBS NEWFIELD

```
ADACMP FNDEF='01, BH, 3, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='01, BI, 11, A, NU'
```

 After that, run program PER-P999 to add new fields from old statistics into already saved values:

```
//NATURAL EXEC NATBATCH
//CMSYNIN DD DISP=SHR,BUFNO=30,DSN=&SYSUID..DBA.CNTL(NSC)
// DD *
LOGON ADAPER
PER-P999
//CMPRT01 DD SYSOUT=*
//CMWKF01 DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0766V00
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0768V00
// DD DISP=SHR,DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0768V00
```

• Output of CMPRT01

2009-11-14 19:03:50 ADAPER				A A	A D A - P E R Page Add Fields V82 PER-P999
DB	Date	Time	RPL	BUFF-EFF	Comments
215 215 215	52009101 52009102 52009102	.72053 50035 61958	75 95	2316.0 2611.9	Nucleus statistics updated/completed Nucleus statistics updated/completed Nucleus statistics not yet saved use pgm PER-P001 to store all info

- Display of HWM RPL
- Compare the size of the Adabas buffer pool (LBP) with the buffer efficiency.

3. System Maintenance Level 8.2.1

- Fixed a problem with stored number of buffer flushes, content was corrupted
- Some cosmetic online updates



4. Installation

4.1. Download the Natural modules from the following Web page:

http://www.storrconsulting.com/sc340.html

The unloaded source and objects have been created by using NATUNLD with the FIXEDLENGTH option. A transformation before the FTP process from VB to FB is therefore no longer necessary.

```
//NATURAL EXEC NATBATCH, NATPARM=', IM=D, INTENS=1'
    //CMSYNIN DD DISP=SHR,BUFNO=30,DSN=&SYSUID..DBA.CNTL(NSC) 🗲 logon/pw info
    11
                                                  DD *
   %Q
   NATUNLD
   ALL, *, FM, ADAPER, WHERE, DBID, 196, FNR, 008, WITH, FIXEDLENGTH
   END
   //CMWKF01 DD DSN=NATURAL.ADAPER.UNLDFB,
                   DISP=(,CATLG),SPACE=(TRK, (1665,1665),RLSE),BUFNO=30,
DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=252,BLKSIZE=0)
    11
   11
    //CMWKF03 DD DUMMY
    //CMWKF07 DD DUMMY

      15:38:18
      ***** NATURAL NATUNLD UTILITY *****
      2011-03-05

      User DIETER
      - Unload Programming Objects -
      0

      Object
      Object
      Src Vers. Target
      Source
      Date and Time
      UserII

      Name
      Type
      Cat Level Library
      DBID/FNR
      of Save or Cat

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         UserID

        Name
        Type
        Cat Level Library
        DBID/FNR
        of Save or Cat

        ADACPU3
        Program
        Cat 4.1.3
        ADAPER
        196/8
        2009-11-07
        14:47:46
        DIETER

        NJMA01
        Program
        Cat 4.1.3
        ADAPER
        196/8
        2009-11-07
        14:47:46
        DIETER

        NJM01
        Map
        Cat 4.1.3
        ADAPER
        196/8
        2009-11-07
        07:57:16
        DIETER

        NJM01
        Subprogram
        Cat 4.1.3
        ADAPER
        196/8
        2009-11-20
        20:26:49
        DIETER

        NJM01
        Subprogram
        Cat 4.1.3
        ADAPER
        196/8
        2009-11-20
        20:35:01
        DIETER

        PER-ADOR
        Local
        Cat 4.1.3
        ADAPER
        196/8
        2009-11-08
        09:57:59
        DIETER

        PER-MEND
        Local
        Cat 4.1.3
        ADAPER
        196/8
        2009-11-08
        09:57:59
        DIETER

        PER-MEND
        Cat 4.1.3
        ADAPER
        196/8
        2009-11-06
        16:54:28
        DIETER

        PER-MOR
        Map
        Cat 4.1.3
        ADAPER
        196/8
        2009-11-07
```



PERPWCHK Subj	program	Cat 4.1.3 A	ADAPER	196/8	2009-11-06	17:14:47	DIETER
15:38:19		**** NATU	JRAL NATUNI	LD UTILITY	* * * * *	2011-	-03-05
User DIETER		- Unloa	ad Program	ming Objec [.]	ts -		
		Statistical	Report of	Objects P	rocessed		
				Saved	Cataloged		
	Program	s		0	- 8		
	Subprog	rams		1	7		
	Local D	ata Areas		0	2		
	Paramet	er Data Area	as	0	4		
	Maps			0	11		
	Total p	rogramming d	obj	1	32		
	Total o *** U	bjects proce tility has k	essed been termin	3 nated norm	3 ally ***		

The mainframe dataset has been FTP'ed in binary mode to the Web server:

D T 14		
PUT 'NAT	URAL.ADAPER.UNLDFB'	adaper-mf-252fb-unld.bin

4.2. Download and save the file on your PC



4.3. Allocate a new dataset on the mainframe

For example: NATURAL.ADAPER.UNLDFB

General Data	Current Allocation
Management class : MCTSOPDS	Allocated tracks . : 6
Storage class : SCTSODA	Allocated extents . : 1
Volume serial : TSO002	
Device type : 3390	
Data class : DCTSODA	Current Utilization
Organization : PS	Used tracks : 6
Record format : FB	Used extents : 1
Record length : 252	
Block size : 27972	
lst extent tracks . : 6	
Secondary tracks . : 1396	
Data set name type :	SMS Compressible . : NO
Creation date : 2009/11/11	Referenced date : 2009/11/11
Expiration date : ***None***	

4.4. FTP the file in binary mode from your server (PC) to the mainframe

File to be uploaded: adaper-mf-252fb-unld.bin

Use the transfer function from TSO or from your RUMBA session in binary mode. Mark FB on the 'Advanced' tab. No transformation into VB is necessary.

File Transfer - PC To TSO Host	? ×
General Advanced	
Host File Level: Host Data Set: Member: Password: NATURAL ADAPER.UNLDFB zindws.adacpu3.out.d2091106 Zindws.adacpu3.ogm.d2091106 Zindws.adaper.d2051118.fb PC File PC File PC File	
Look (n: My boodments Data Type My Videos ADACPU3 creates a list.doc NetManage ADAPER displays.doc Pictures ADA-PER_Manual_V8.doc Videos I adaper-mf-256fb-pgm.bin File name: adaper-mf-252fb-unld.bin	
Transfer Cancel Ad	ccept

- 4.5. Define the Natural library ADAPER in Natural Security (NSC) if installed
- 4.6. Use the Object Handler to load the programs into Natural on the mainframe



//NATURAL EXEC	NATBATCH,NATPARM=',IM=D,INTENS=1'							
//CMSYNIN DD	DISP=SHR,BUFNO=30,DSN=&SYSUIDDBA.CNTL(NSC)							
// DD	*							
%Q								
LOGON ADAPER	LOGON ADAPER							
SYSOBJH	SYSOBJH							
LOAD * LIBRARY	LOAD * LIBRARY ADAPER WHERE REPLACE							
FIN								
//CMWKF01 DD	DSN=NATURAL.ADAPER.UNLDFB, 🗧 it's FB LRECL=252							
11	DISP=SHR							

16:06:05	* * * * *	Natural Obje	ect Handler *****		2009	9-11-11		
User DIETER		Direct Com	nand Processing		Library	ADAPER		
Report Text Member 31	L606030		2		-			
1			*** Load (bjects	* * *			
			Processing Loa	d File	created	on 2009		
Status		Library	Object Name			Type		
Replaced		ADAPER	ADACPU3			Program		
Replaced		ADAPER	ADAPER			Program		
Replaced		ADAPER	NJMA01			Paramet		
Replaced		ADAPER	NJMM01			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	NJMN01			Subprog		
Replaced		ADAPER	NJMP01			Program		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-A000			Paramet		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-LOOR			Local		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-LOOS			Local		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-MERR			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-MEXP			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-MH01			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-MH02			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-M000			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-M005			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-M006			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-M007			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-M008			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-N005			Subprog		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-N006			Subprog		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-N007			Subprog		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-N008			Subprog		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-PERR			Program		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-PHWM			Program		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-P000			Program		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-P001			Program		
Replaced		ADAPER	PER-P999			Program		
Replaced		ADAPER	PERAHELL			Paramet		
Replaced		ADAPER	PERAPARM			Paramet		
Replaced		ADAPER	PERMHELL			Мар		
Replaced		ADAPER	PERNPARM			Subprog		
Replaced		ADAPER	PERNPARM			Subprog		
Replaced		ADAPER	PERPWCHK			Subprog		
		Function	completed successf	fully.				
Page 2								
SYSOBJH direct commar	SYSOBJH direct command processing:							
Function completed successfully.								



4.7. Install the Adabas file ADABAS-PERFORMANCE

4.7.1. Compress an empty file by using the Adabas utility ADACMP

//ADACMP EXEC	PGM=ADARUN, REGION=0M
//STEPLIB DD	DSN=ADABAS.V813.LOADLIB
//DDPRINT DD	SYSOUT=*
//DDDRUCK DD	SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP DD	SYSOUT=*
//DDEBAND DD	DUMMY
//DDAUSBA DD	DSN=ADABAS.COMPRESS.FILE254,
11	DCB=(RECFM=VB, LRECL=9996, BLKSIZE=0),
11	DISP=(,CATLG,DELETE)
//DDFEHL DD	DSN=&&ERRS, DISP=(NEW, PASS),
11	DCB=(RECFM=VB,LRECL=500,BLKSIZE=0,BUFNO=60),
11	UNIT=MISCDA, SPACE=(TRK, (1,1), RLSE
//DDKARTE DD	*
ADACMP COMPRES	S
ADACMP FILE=10	
ADACMP MINISN=	1
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AA, 3, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AB, 8, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AC, 8, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AD, 4, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AE, 4, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AF, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AG, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AH, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AI, 8, U, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AJ, 8, U, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AK, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AL, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AM, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF='	01, AN, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF=	01, AO, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF=	01, AN, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF=	01, AO, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF=	01, AP, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF=	01, AQ, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF=	01, AR, 11, A, NU'
ADACMP FNDEF=	01, AS, 11, A, NU ¹
ADACMP FNDEF=	OI, AT, II, A, NU
ADACMP FNDEF=	
ADACMP FNDEF=	OL, AV, S, A, NU
ADACMP FNDEF=	OL AW, S, A, NU
ADACMP FNDEF-	OI AX 2 A NUL
ADACMP FNDEF-	(1, 27, 2, 3, 10)
ADACMP FNDEF-	(1, A2, 5, A, NU)
ADACME ENDER-	(1, DR, S, R, N)
ADACMP FNDEF-	01 pc 3 a mult
ADACMP FNDEF-	01 RD 3 & NU!
ADACMP FNDEF-	01 Re 3 A MU
ADACMP FNDEF=	01. RF. 3. A. NU!
ADACMP FNDEF-	01 BG 3 A MU
ADACMP FNDEF=	01. RH. 3. A. NUL new field with V8 2
ADACMP FNDEF=	01.BI.11.A.NU' new field with V8.2
ADACMP SUPDE=	S1=AA(1,3), AB(1,8), AD(1,4)



4.7.2. Load the empty file by using the Adabas utility ADALOD

//ADALC	DD 1	EXEC	PGM=ADARUN, REGION=0M
//STEPI	JΒ	DD	DSN=ADABAS.V813.LOADLIB
//DDTEM	IPR1	DD	DSN=your_temp_dataset
//DDSOF	RTR1	DD	DSN=your_sort_dataset
//DDPRI	NT	DD	SYSOUT=*
//DDDRU	JCK	DD	SYSOUT=*
//SYSUI	DUMP	DD	SYSOUT=*
//DDEBA	AND	DD	DSN=ADABAS.COMPRESS.FILE10,DISP=SHR 🗲 from ADACMP
//SYSIN	1	DD	*
ADALOD	LOA	D FII	E=254,NAME='ADABAS-PERFORMANCE'
ADALOD	ASS	OPFAC	=01,DATAPFAC=01
ADALOD	ISN	REUSE	=YES
ADALOD	USE	RISN=	NO
ADALOD	DSS	IZE=1	00B
ADALOG	UIS	IZE=5	В
ADALOD	NIS	ISE=1	OB, INDEXCROMPRESSION=YES
ADALOD	MAX	ISN=1	000
ADALOD	TEM	PDEV=	3390,TEMPSIZE=600,SORTDEV=3390,SORTSIZE=800

4.8. Modify the Natural source module PERNPARM

4.8.1. **#PASSWORD**

Send e-mail to info@storrconsulting.com and get a new password

4.8.2. **#BANNER**

Set #BANNER to FALSE if no first entry page is wanted

4.8.3. **#PARM-DBID**

This is the database ID, where you will install the file ADABAS-PERFORMANCE. It uses the UDB function to set the correct target database.

4.8.4. **#PARM-FNR** (for later releases)

Use the TF parameter if your file is different than the default file 254. For example: TF=(#parmdbid,254,#parmdbid,your_new_file). For more information, please see the Natural documentation. http://documentation.softwareag.com/natural/nat426mf/parms/tf.htm#tf_tf_p_arm_example

4.9. STOW the modified Natural module PERNPARM in the new library ADAPER

- Copy the Natural front-end program ADAPER from the library ADAPER into your SYSTEM library of FUSER (not FNAT).
- Start to load your session statistics from all databases into the new Adabas file ADABAS-PERFORMANCE
- The program ADACPU3 reads the session statistics and creates the report "Number of Adabas commands per CPU Second



2009-11-06 10:59:59 Number of ADABAS Commands per CPU Second Page 14 ADACPU3 ADAPER							
DB	Start/End Date	St/En Time	CPU / CPU in sec	Total CMDs : CMD/Sec :	LBP / LWP	LFIOP / LFP	FrmTrans FrmOverw
0212	2009-09-12 2009-09-19	21:00 20:33	00000:00:13	259 19	288000000 500000	8371200 800000	6 0
0212	2009-09-19 2009-09-26	20:57 20:31	00000:00:13	259 19	288000000 500000	8371200 800000	6 0
0212	2009-09-26 2009-10-03	20:55 20:31	00000:00:13	259 19	288000000 500000	8371200 800000	6 0
0212	2009-10-03 2009-10-10	20:57 20:30	00000:00:13	259 19	288000000 500000	8371200 800000	6 0
0212	2009-10-10 2009-10-17	20:53 20:30	00000:00:12	259 21	288000000 500000	8371200 800000	6 0
0212	2009-10-17 2009-10-25	20:54 00:35	00000:00:13	259 19	288000000 500000	8371200 800000	6 0
0212	2009-10-25 2009-10-26	00:35 19:33	00000:00:04	272 68	288000000 500000	8371200 800000	6 0
0212	2009-10-26 2009-11-01	19:59 01:01	00000:00:10	259 25	288000000 500000	8371200 800000	6 0

- The program PER-P001 stores values from the session statistics into the Adabas file ADABAS-PERFORMANCE.
- Concatenated input datasets (CMWKF01) from different sessions and databases are possible. The program checks and displays an error message if the values are already stored. The successful message would be:

"Nucleus statistics are stored now: 212200910261959" In this case, the session statistics of database 212 from 2009/10/26 at 19:59 are stored.

//** ______ //** STORE SESSION STATISTICS //** NUMBER OF ADABAS COMMANDS PER CPU SECOND //** ==> ADABAS.*.*.SERVER.LOG(-1) //** ==> DOESN'T WORK: WAITING FOR DATASETS //** //** ADABAS.PRODDBA.JCLLIB(NATBATCP) //** CREATED BY DIETER STORR - 24 OCT 2005 //** UPDATED BY DIETER STORR - 18 OCT 2007 (-1) - (-7) //** 11 JCLLIB ORDER=ADABAS.TEST.PROCLIB //NATURAL EXEC NATBATCH //CMSYNIN DD DISP=SHR, BUFNO=30, DSN=&SYSUID..DBA.CNTL(NSC) DD * 11 LOGON ADAPER ADACPU3 PER-P001 //CMPRT01 DD SYSOUT=* //* session statistics recfm=FBA, recl=121 //CMWKF01 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0761V00 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0762V00 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0763V00 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0764V00 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0765V00 11 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0766V00 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB1.SERVER.LOG.G0767V00 //* ___ DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB2.SERVER.LOG.G0782V00 11 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB2.SERVER.LOG.G0783V00 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB2.SERVER.LOG.G0784V00 11 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB2.SERVER.LOG.G0785V00 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB2.SERVER.LOG.G0786V00 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB2.SERVER.LOG.G0787V00 11 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB2.SERVER.LOG.G0788V00 11 DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ADABAS.PROD.DB2.SERVER.LOG.G0789V00 //* --Other databases from different days



5. Getting started

5.1. Invoking ADA-PER from NATURAL

Invoke Natural and if you copied the front-end program ADAPER into the SYSTEM library, just execute ADAPER. If not, log on to the library-id or application that contains the ADA-PER source and object modules. The usual library-id or application is ADAPER.

```
Logon accepted to library ADAPER.
Command ===> ADAPER
```

At the command prompt, invoke the ADAPER system by typing ADAPER as shown above, and pressing ENTER.



Figure 1: Start Menu screen

The Start Menu screen disappears by hitting ENTER key again. It is possible to avoid this Hello Screen by setting the parameter '#BANNER := FALSE' in the. subroutine PERNPARM

5.2. Main menu panel and other functions

From the ADA-PER Main Menu, you can select different functions and determine the starting point of the reports.

12:19:39 ADAPER	*** A D A - P E R *** - Main Menu -	2009-11-08 PER-M000
Code		
1	Display statistics of multiple Adabas sessions	-
2	Graphic display of	
3	High Water Marks	
	Exit	
	DatabaseID (nnn): 001 Start Date (yyyymmdd): 20091108 Start Time (hhmm): 0000	
Enter Code: _		
Enter-PF1PF2 Help	PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10 End	-PF11PF12 Exit

Code 1 displays the first 15 sessions and the PF8 and PF7 key allows you to browse forward and backward. You also can determine a new starting point at the top of the display.

Possible selection values in the column 'S' are:

- S = select the session and display more stored info
- N = store manually one session statistic
- D = delete one session with all values
- ? = get selection info in a pop-up window

12: A St	24:44 DAPER art with	DBID:	214 Dat	*** A D Select Sta te: 200511	A - F tistic 26 Tim	PER* sFor ne: 205	More Ir	nfo		2	2009-1 PER-1	11-08 M005
S	Date	CMD/S	LBP	LWP	LFP	LFIOP	FTrans	FOvW	BFlus	AuRe	ThBI	ThBS
-			mb	mb	mo -	mo	mo					
_	20050903	919	128.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	5.0					
_	20050910	920	128.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	1.2		1291			
	20050912	868	128.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	3.3		2412		1	
_	20050917	918	132.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	5.1		3467	4	1	
_	20050924	1184	136.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	4.2		6115	1		
	20051001	929	136.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	5.0		3175	2	3	
	20051008	970	136.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	4.3		2984	1	1	
	20051015	923	200.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	5.1		3229	3	1	
_	20051022	1024	256.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	4.1		4994	1	2	
_	20051030	1082	256.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	4.8		2868		1	
	20051105	909	288.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	4.3		2729	3		
S	20051112	1753	288.0	3.0	3.3	8.3			7			
-	\$0051112	972	288.0	3.0	3.3	8.3	5.5		3645		9	
	20051119	1034	288 0	3.0	3 3	83	4 2		5150	2	3	
	20051 26	1150	288 0	3.0	3.3	83	5.0		3008	2	1	
	2000110	DE2	-DE3T		DE6_	DF7_	DF9		DE1(11	ד ות1	F 19
Eile	d Uolp	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	End C	ruPrJ= md/C				rr 9.		JPE1	LTb1	E 12
r 11	а петр	Ser		Jack [D]	-1		T [)	riwiশ			
POS	sible va.	Lues al		erect, [D]	erete,	[N]ew	, or [:	[] IOI	r menu			

Select a session (S) to display all stored values.



After select a session, the content of the session statistic will be displayed

16:44:12	:	*** A D A - P E R ***		2009-1	1-21	
ADAPER-P				PER-M	1006	
	Conte	ent of Shut Down Stat:	istic			
DBID:	215	AUTO-REST:	0	HWM-AB-NAB .:	9 %	
START-NUC-DATE:	2009-10-25	THROW-BACKS-ISN .:	0	HWM-CQ-NC:	6 %	
STOP-NUC-DATE :	2009-10-26	THROW-BACKS-SPACE:	0	HWM-DUQ-LDE.:	2 %	
START-NUC-TIME:	00:35	BUFFER-FLUSHES:	88	HWM-FI-LFP .:	50 %	
STOP-NUC-TIME :	19:33	BUFFER EFFICIENCY:	2611.9	HWM-HQ-NH:	7 %	
NUC-DURATION .:	00042:58:03			HWM-RPL-LRPL:	98	
NUC-WAIT-TIME :	00040:59:26			HWM-SC-LCP .:	0 %	
NUC-CPU-TIME .:	00002:03:17			HWM-TBI-LI .:	20 %	
NUC-CPU-SEC:	7397			HWM-TBS-LQ .:	22 %	
CMDS-PER-SEC .:	3146			HWM-UQ-NU:	55 %	
NUC-NUMB-CMDS :	23276541			HWM-UQF-NU .:	40 %	
LBP;	288000000			HWM-WORK-LWP:	41 %	
LWP;	870000			HWM-XID-XID :	0 %	
LFIOP:	8342400					
LFP;	4000000					
FORM-TRANS;	50614					
FORM-OVERW;	0					
Enter-PF1PF2	PF3PF4	PF5PF6PF7PI	F8PF9	-PF10PF11PF	12	
Help	End					

From the main menu, the selection code 2 displays graphical values of the stored information and starts with 'Number of Commands per CPU Second.'



Several functions are available:



- PF1 Help The help function is under development
- PF2 Sel Select from the overview a single database statistic
- PF3 Exit One screem back
- PF4 Cmds Number of Adabas commands per CPU second
- PF5 LBP

Size of the Adabas buffer pool – parameter LBP – is one of the most important parameters. It will save ASSO and DATA I/Os by keeping blocks for a long time in the buffer pool. See also buffer efficiency (BE).

• PF6 LWP

Size of the Adabas work pool – parameter LWP – in connection with LS, LU, LOGIO, LOGGING, PREFE. Low value can cost throw backs, WORK2 I/Os, no selection of CQ, high ENQ time, high number of ECBs

• PF7 -

one page back (under development) – at this time available with changing the Date and Time of the Start DBID

• PF8 +

one page forward (under development) – at this time available with changing the Date and Time of the Start DBID

• PF9 LFIOP

Length of the asynchronous buffer flush I/O pool – should be 1-25% of the LBP

• PF10 LFP

Length of the internal format pool – parameter LFP. If too small defined (HWM=99%) you will see format overwrites (FO), and the formats must be re-translated, which is costly in CPU time.

• PF11 FT

Format translations – a high number of format translations can be caused by using global format IDs inefficiently, for example to not re-catalog all effected Natural programs after LDAs are changed..

• PF12 FO

Format overwrites – SAG recommended that the number of format overwrites should be zero. Otherwise, increase your format buffer LFP.

 PF13 BE Buffer efficiency

DA-PFR

• PF14 TBI (LI)

Specify the size (in bytes) allocated for the table of ISNs (TBI) used to store ISN lists (overflow ISNs or saved ISN lists).

• PF15 TBS (LQ)

Specify the size (in bytes) of the table of sequential commands, which contains entries required during the processing of Adabas read sequential (L2/L5, L3/L6, and L9) commands (TBS pool).

• PF16 BF

From time to time, Adabas has to write modified blocks from the buffer pool back into the database. This process is called a buffer flush. It uses the I/O pool (LFIOP). A high number of BF can have different reasons, but mostly the LP (WORK part 1), the LFIOP (I/O pool) or LBP (buffer pool) parameters are too small defined.

• PF17 FvC

Comparison between the format translations (PF11 FT) and the number of commands per CPU second (PF4 Cmds).

- PF18 BvE Comparison between the size of the buffer pool (PF5 LBP) and the buffer
- PF19 ud Unused- under development

efficiency (PF13 BE).

 PF20 ud Unused – under development

Parameters are also described in the Adabas Manuals of SAG

http://documentation.softwareag.com/adabas/

at SAG's TECHniques, Adabas Spotlight, Improve Performance

or get an overview of some important parameters at

http://storrconsulting.com/sc510-ada015.html

The above mentioned functions can be reached by hitting the PF key or F key or by clicking with the mouse on the number, for example '5 LBP' or '10 LFP.'

Also, the 'Start DBID:,' the 'Date:' and the 'Time:' can be changed for a new search point.

The next screen (see next page) shows the format translations compared with the number of commands per second and was received by hitting the Function-Key number 17.





Function 17 (FvC) compares the number of format translations (yellow) with the number of commands per second (violet red). It shows, the higher the format translations, the less commands can be processed.





Function 18 (BvE) compares the size of the Adabas buffer pool - LBP - (yellow) with the buffer efficiency (violet red). The buffer efficiency or BE displays the ratio between the logical and physical ASSO and DATA reads. In the example above, every 187 logical reads one physical read has been performed.

In general, the bigger the buffer pool the higher the buffer efficiency. But be careful, a program can be in the loop and accesses the same record/ISN many times. Some companies show a BE of over 3,000 based on a high number of table lookups and a huge buffer pool.



The high-water-marks can be reached from different displays:

- Code 3 of the main menu
- PF10 / F10 at the display of 'Select Statistics for More Info'

The program can also be used in batch to print the statistics. Execute the program PER-HWM and support the start parameters database ID, the date and the time, see example.

The output of the list is 150 bytes long. The first part is the high water marks in % and the second part displays several values.

Page	e 1															
ADAI	BAS High-V	Vate	r-Ma	rks	in %										Values in b	ytes
DB	DATE	CQ	NAB	NC	DUQ	LFP	NH	LCP	LI	LQ	NU	UQF	LWP	XID	FormatPool	For
230	20050910	1	5	1	0	61	5	0	16	36	12	6	40	0	2600000	
230	20050912	2	5	2	0	88	13	0	33	67	12	6	49	0	2600000	
230	20050917	2	5	2	0	99	16	0	33	65	13	7	56	0	2600000	
230	20050924	2	5	2	0	99	12	0	67	67	12	7	43	0	2600000	
230	20051001	2	5	2	0	96	12	0	33	67	14	8	71	0	2600000	
230	20051008	2	5	2	0	94	14	0	33	64	12	6	41	0	2600000	
230	20051015	2	5	2	0	99	12	0	67	62	12	7	54	0	2600000	
230	20051022	2	5	2	0	99	13	0	33	55	11	6	46	0	2600000	
230	20051030	2	6	2	0	99	18	0	33	68	12	6	42	0	2610000	
230	20051105	2	3	2	0	98	12	0	33	67	12	7	42	0	2620000	
230	20051112	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	10	4	0	6	0	2620000	
230	20051112	2	5	2	0	99	12	0	33	64	13	7	45	0	2620000	

Continuation of the list.



Values in bytes										
FormatPool	FormatTrans	FormatOverw	AutoRestart	ThrowB-ISN	ThrowB					
2600000	19526	0	0	0						
2600000	42326	0	1	0						
2600000	62395	295	0	0						
2600000	66071	147	1	0						
2600000	63303	0	1	0						
2600000	61704	0	1	0						
2600000	63600	0	0	0						
2600000	64875	132	0	0						
2610000	65923	71	3	0						
2620000	61529	0	0	0						
2620000	18	0	0	0						
2620000	63807	0	0	1						
2620000	68016	0	3	0						